

# Advancing Answer Set Programming for Industrial Scheduling and Configuration

## Blickpunkt Forschung

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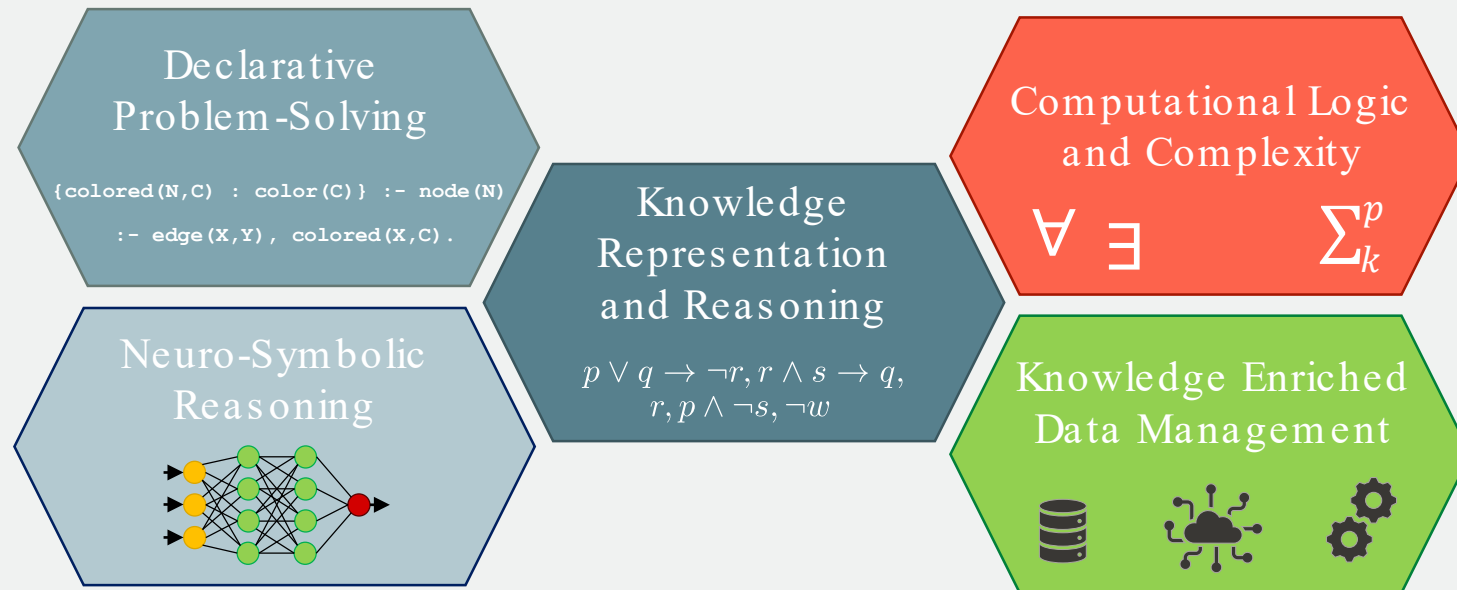
Tobias Geibinger, TU Wien

# Institute of Logic & Computation

Knowledge-Based Systems Group



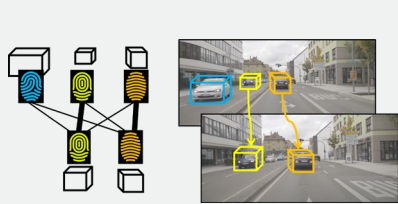
Our research focuses on **foundations** and **formal aspects** of **knowledge-based systems** and **Artificial Intelligence**



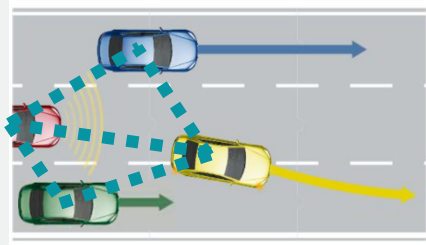
**2 Professors, 2 Associated Professors, 4 PostDocs and 8 PhD Students**

# Artificial Intelligence Research @ Bosch

## Research Fields and Core Competences



Deep Neural Networks for Automated Driving perception




Learning vehicle interactions, behavior predictions, and driver models



Perception and planning for manipulation robotics

Probabilistic Modeling 

Deep Learning 

NLP & Neuro-symbolic AI 

RL & Control 

## Locations

- Renningen (Germany)
- Hildesheim (Germany)
- Pittsburgh (USA)
- Sunnyvale (USA)
- Haifa (Israel)
- Shanghai (China)

## Major Topics

- Generative AI
- Prediction and Planning
- Verification and Validation of AI Models
- Neuro-Symbolic AI

## Application Areas

- Automated Driving
- Embedded AI
- Industrial and Home Robotics
- Knowledge Engineering
- Smart Consumer Goods

## Impact

- #1 AI research lab in the European industry
- Since 2017\*: 350+ top-tier publications in AI
- 1300+ patent filings\*

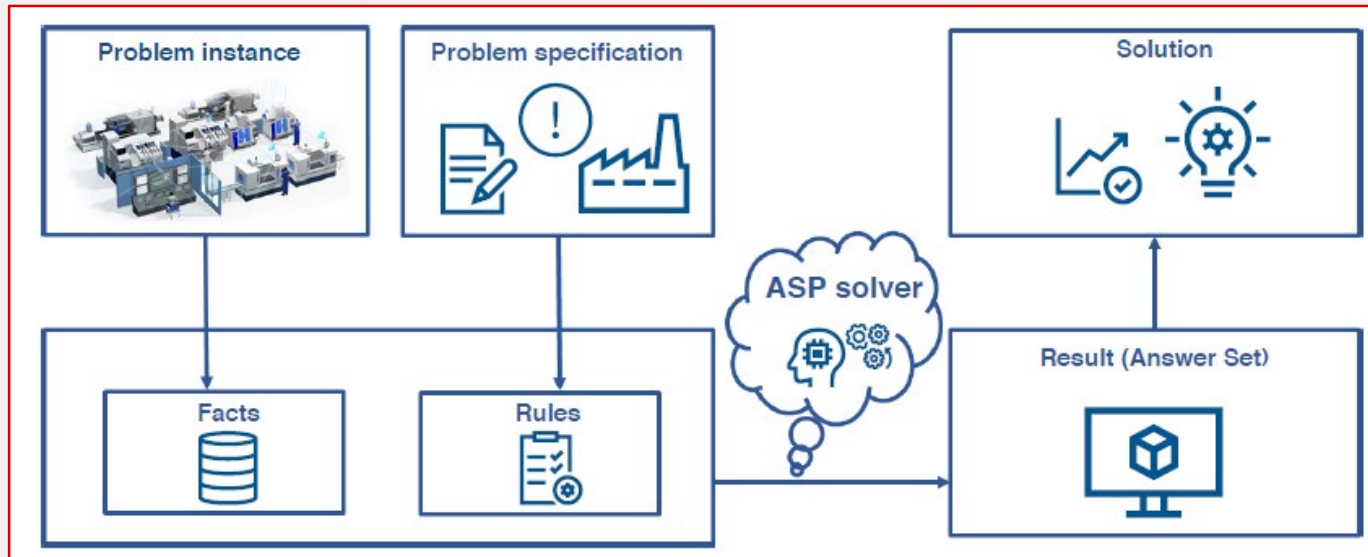
## Collaborations



**Our Mission: We are the home of cutting-edge AI research at Bosch—the place where AI is invented for life.**

# University Collaboration with TU Wien

## Knowledge-Driven Problem Solving in Manufacturing



Parallel Machine Scheduling



Product Configuration



Automatic Task Scheduling



Production Planning



Model-Based Testing for  
Autonomous Driving

### Benefits of our collaboration:

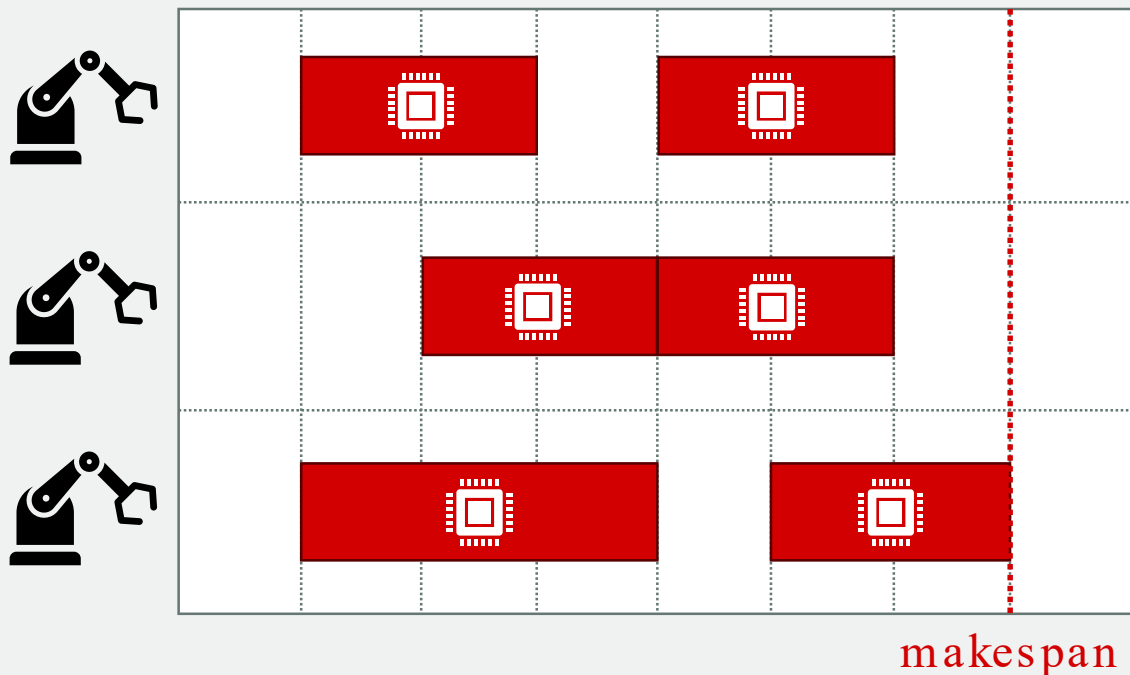
- Direct access to **basic research** to improve the methods and to **increase their scalability**
- Enhanced innovation through **cutting-edge** academic research
- Mutual growth through **knowledge exchange** and skill development

# Industrial Problems

## Scheduling as an Example

Several scheduling problems arise in semi-conductor production

For example, scheduling parallel machines:



Constraints:

- Machine capabilities
- Release dates
- Setup times

Objective:

minimize makespan

# Answer-set Programming (ASP)

## Basics

ASP is a type of logic programming  $\Rightarrow$  Origins in deductive databases

Operates on relational information:

Table node

ID
1
2
3
4
5

Table edge

FROM	TO
1	2
2	3
2	5
3	5
4	5
1	4



Facts:

```
node(1). node(2). node(3).  
node(4). node(5).  
edge(1,2). edge(2,3). edge(2,5).  
edge(3,5). edge(3,5). edge(4,5).  
edge(1,4).
```

Main construct are rules

Example: edges should be symmetric

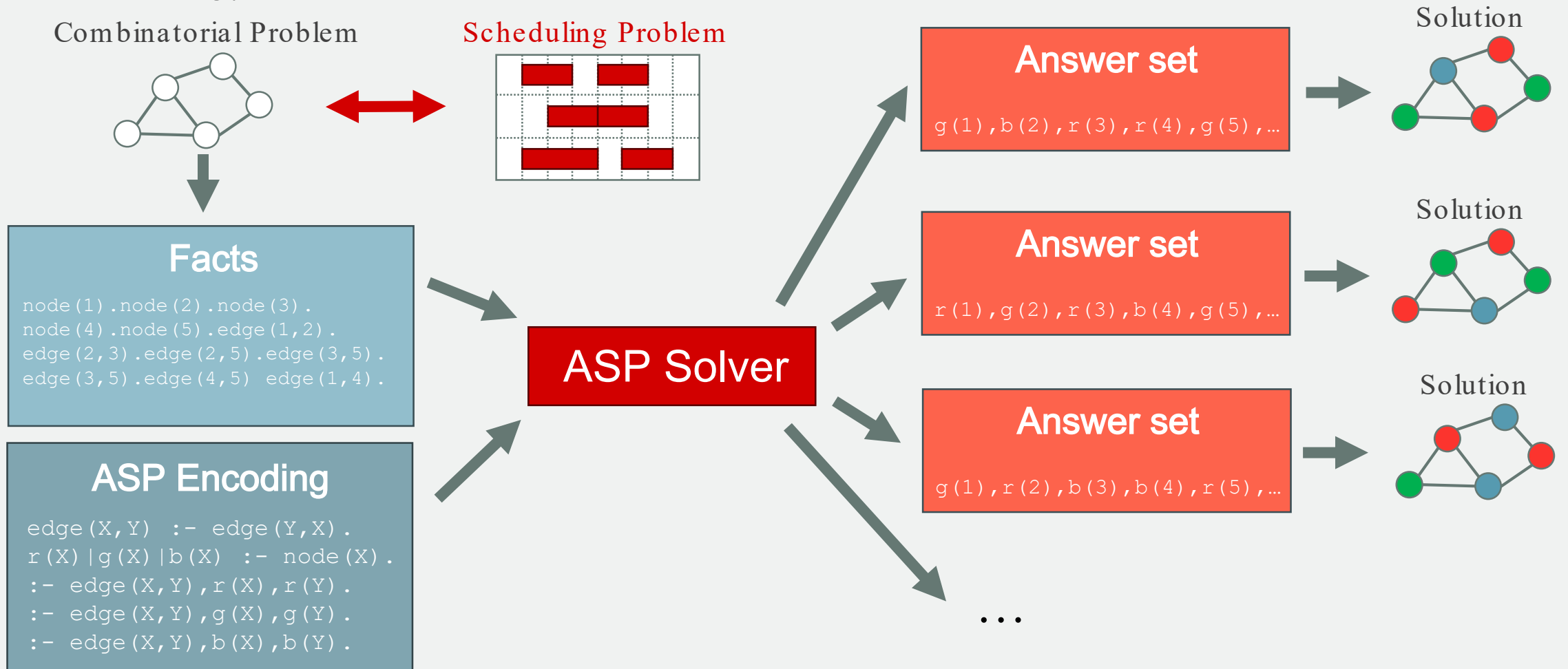
```
edge(X,Y) :- edge(Y,X).
```

“if”

variables

# Answer-set Programming (ASP)

## Methodology



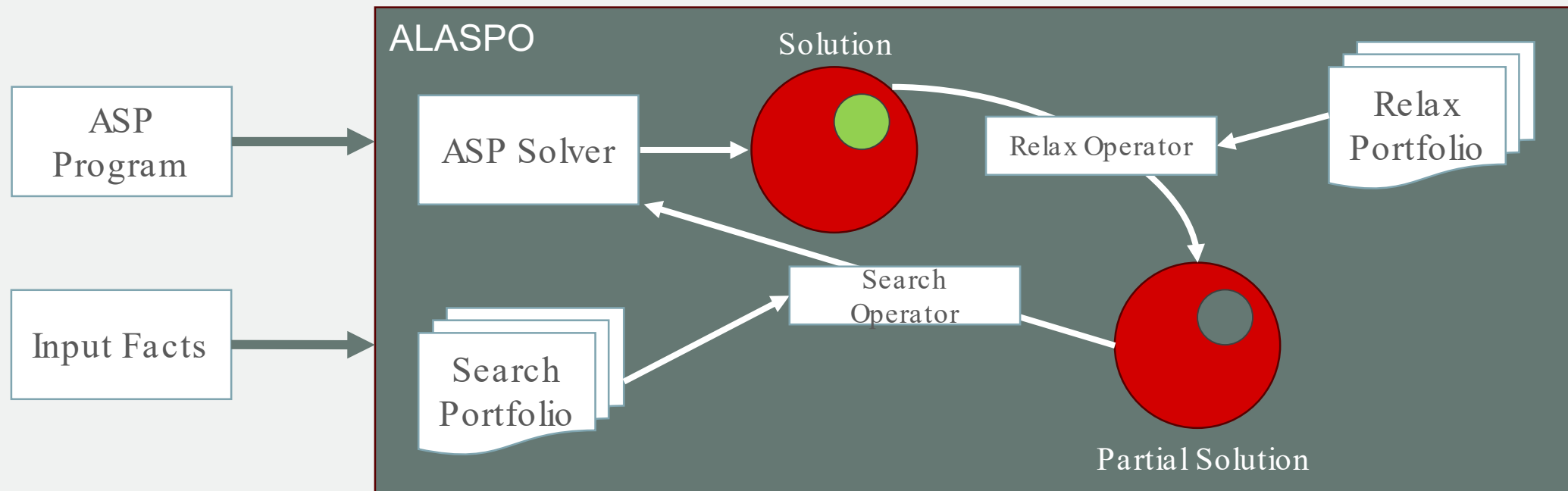
# ALASPO

Adaptive Large-Neighbourhood Search for Optimisation in ASP

ASP can also be used for optimisation problems  $\Rightarrow$  Scheduling!

**Efficient solvers** are available

However, Performance can be lacking for industrial problems  $\Rightarrow$  ALASPO





# Summary

## Benefits and Future

### Benefits

- We increased awareness in Bosch for **ASP as a problem-solving tool**
- **Potential industrial use-cases**  
⇒ Scheduling for semiconductor production at Bosch
- To **bridge performance gaps**, we developed a **novel adaptive LNS framework for ASP**

### Outlook

- Further **use cases** and **improvements** are under exploration
- Future work like a **combination of LLMs and ASP** for problem solving and explainability is being investigated